



NON-NÖROJEN NÖROJENİK MESANE (HİNNMAN SENDROMU)

Prof. Dr. Deniz Demirci

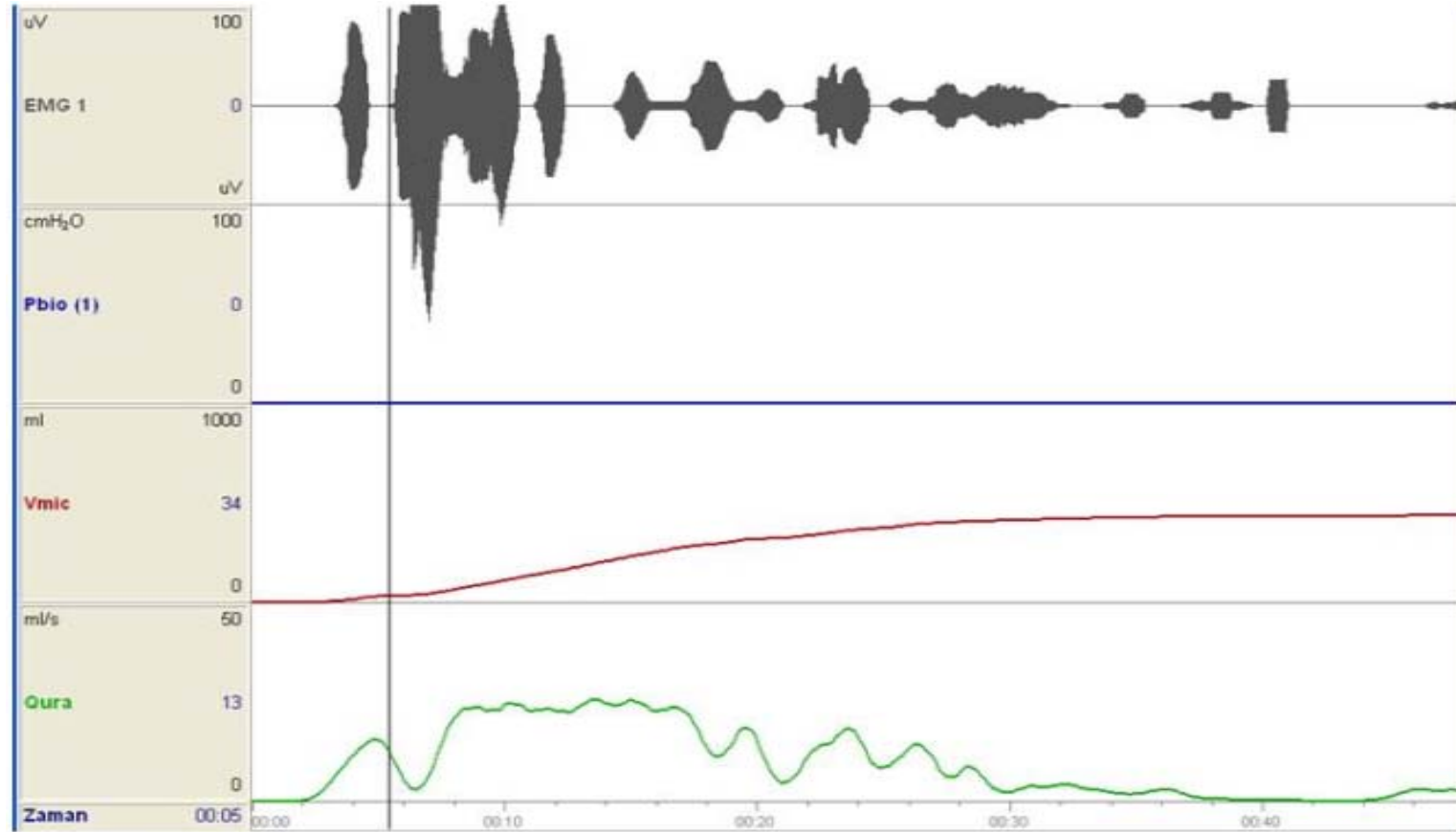
Erciyes Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi
Çocuk Üroloji Bilim Dalı - **KAYSERİ**



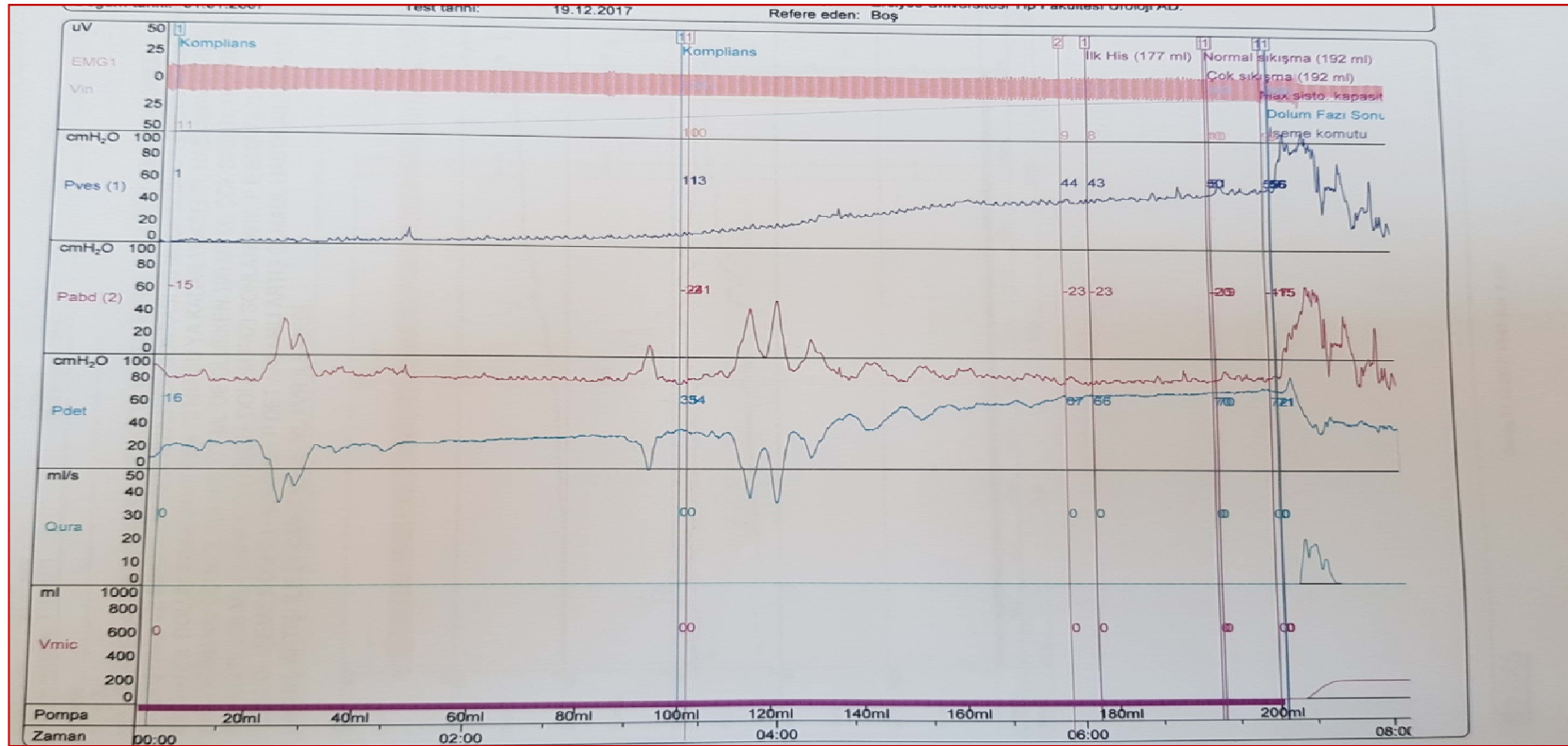
OLGU 1

- 10 y, K
- 4 yaşından beri sık idrar yolu enfeksiyonu
- İşeme disfonksiyonu
- Yılda 3 kez ateşli İYE atağı oluyormuş
- Oksibutinin başlanmış
- Alerji gelişmesi üzerine 2 ay içinde ilaç kesilmiş
- Daha sonra ikili işeme önerilmiş
- Biofeedback programı yarıda kalmış
- 1 yıldır Cardura 2 mg kullanıyor
- Ek dahili ,nörolojik hastalık yok

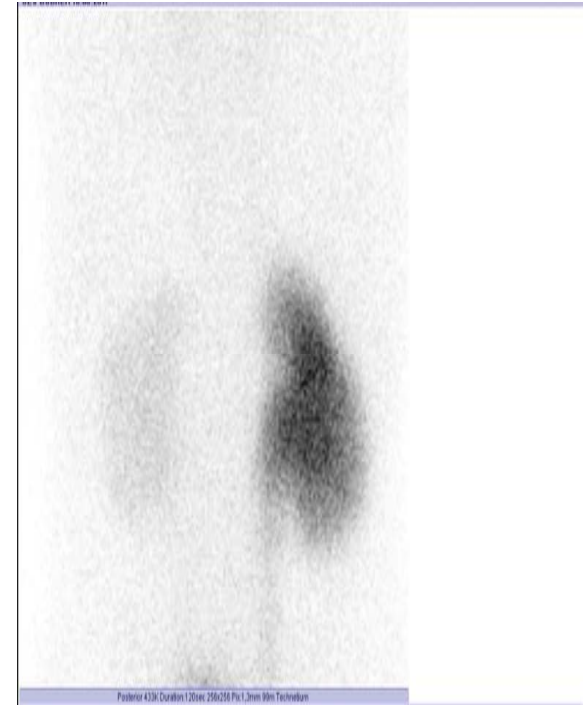
EMG LI ÜROFLOW



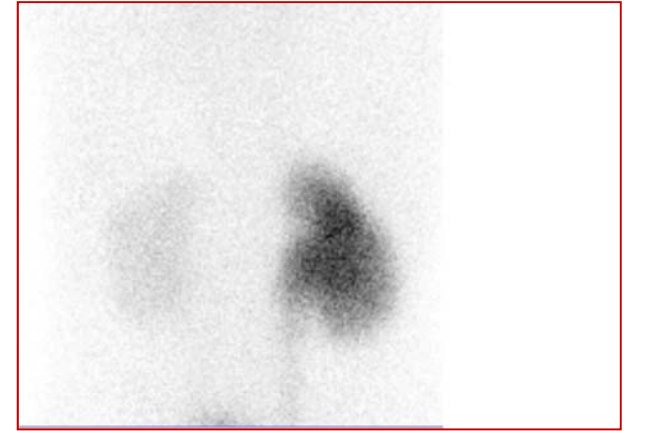
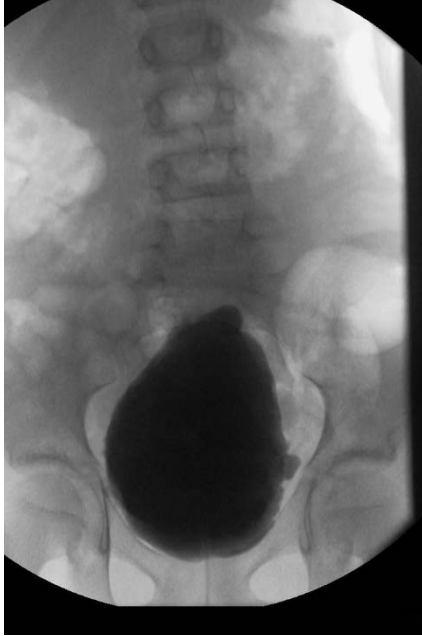
ÜRODİNAMİ



İŞEME SİTOÜRETROGRAM ,DMSA (2015)



VOIDING SİSTOÜRETROGRAFI-2017



Halen takipte , işemekte zorlanıyor, zaman zaman ıslatmaları var , cr 0.5

TARİHÇE

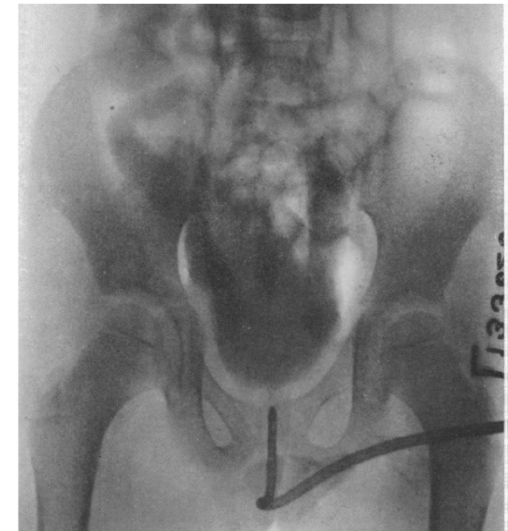
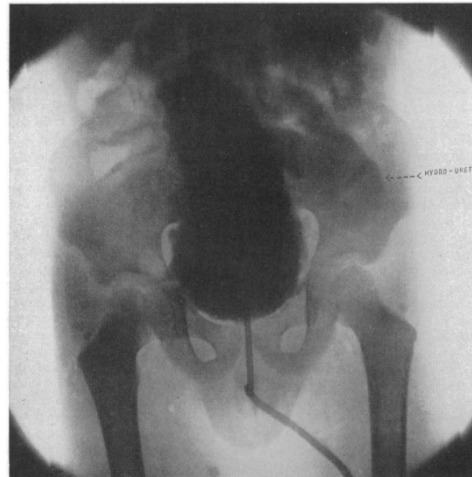
- 1915 ... Edwin Beer
- 1973.... Hinman F and Bauman FW
- 1977.... Allen TD
- 1997.... Jayatnathi VR



CHRONIC RETENTION OF URINE IN YOUNG BOYS DUE TO OBSTRUCTION AT THE NECK OF THE BLADDER*

BY EDWIN BEER, M.D.
OF NEW YORK, N. Y.

ABOUT eight years ago under the title "Chronic Retention of Urine in Children," I brought together a study of this condition as illustrated by a series of nine personal observations and published same in the *Journal of the American Medical Association*. Since this publication it has been my good fortune to be able to study more than twenty cases of the same condition. I propose in this paper to describe three of these cases, treated by me with considerable success and again call attention to this unusual clinical entity.



VESICAL AND URETERAL DAMAGE FROM VOIDING DYSFUNCTION IN BOYS WITHOUT NEUROLOGIC OR OBSTRUCTIVE DISEASE

FRANK HINMAN AND FRANZ W. BAUMANN

From the Division of Urology, University of California School of Medicine and the Service of Urology and Department of Pediatrics, Children's Hospital, San Francisco, California

(Reprinted from J Urol, 109: 727-732, 1973)

A symptom complex of enuresis and daytime wetting associated with urinary tract infection and, often, with upper tract dilatation was seen in 14 boys in whom inten-

pediatrician but the fact that infection was occurring in boys led to complete urologic evaluation.

Radiologic abnormalities. Excretory urograms (IVPs) from

An 8-year-old boy was seen on August 3, 1970 with day and night wetting, infected urine, and x-ray evidence of a Christmas tree bladder and upper tract damage. Diagnosis was a neurogenic bladder. However, the pediatric neurological consultant could find no deficits. That evening a pediatric colleague hypnotized the boy and the next morning the nurses reported that he was continent. It became obvious that voiding function could be disturbed grossly through psychological malfunction. Be-

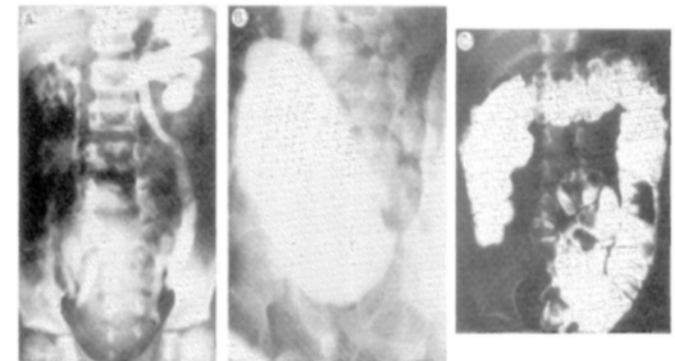


FIG. 3. Case 1. A, initial IVP shows bilateral ureterovesical junction obstruction, with renal damage from back pressure and infection. B, initial voiding cystogram shows Christmas tree bladder and poorly filled ureters. C, initial barium enema shows large colon filled with boluses of fecal matter.

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Findings in 14 cases of vesicourethral incoordination

	Present No. Pts.	Absent No. Pts.
Enuresis	12	2
Daytime wetting	12	2
Encopresis	6	8
Urinary tract infection	11	3
Vesical trabeculation	12	2
Ureterovesical junction abnormality	8	6
Neurologic disorder	0	14
Outlet obstruction	0	14

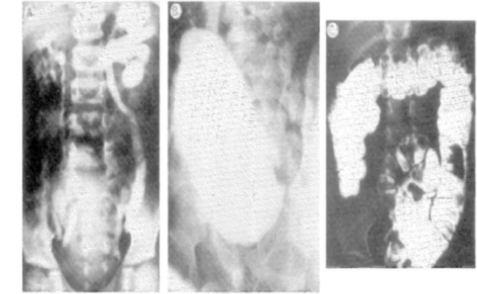


Fig. 3. Case 1. A, initial IVP shows bilateral ureterovesical junction obstruction, with renal damage from back pressure and infection. B, initial voiding cystogram shows Christmas tree bladder and poorly filled ureters. C, initial barium enema shows large colon filled with boluses of fecal matter.

Mesane kontraksiyonu ile pelvik taban kasları arasında diskordinasyon var

Neden psikolojik

State of the Art

NONNEUROGENIC NEUROGENIC BLADDER (THE HINMAN SYNDROME)–15 YEARS LATER

FRANK HINMAN, JR.*

From the Department of Urology, University of California, San Francisco, California



1. Enuresis ..İnhibe edilemeyen detrusor kontraksiyonları
2. Eksternal sfinkterin aktivitesinin artması

**GÜN BOYUNCA İDRAR KAÇIRMA
ÜRİNER SİSTEMİ KAPSAYAN YAPISAL DEĞİŞİKLİKLER**

Pediatric Articles

THE NON-NEUROGENIC NEUROGENIC BLADDER

TERRY D. ALLEN

From the Division of Urology, The University of Texas, Southwestern Medical School, Dallas, Texas

Forty years experience with voiding dysfunction

T.D. ALLEN

University of Texas Southwestern Medical School, Dallas, Texas, USA

nörojenik neden yok

fonksiyonel sorun mesane ve sfinkter arasındaki
diskordinasyon

HINMAN –ALLEN

FIG. 1. a, Excretory urogram of a girl with UTI and wetness at 2.5 years old, showing a distended bladder and grade II right sided hydronephrosis. b, A cystogram in the same girl at 13 years of age. (From [17], reproduced with permission).

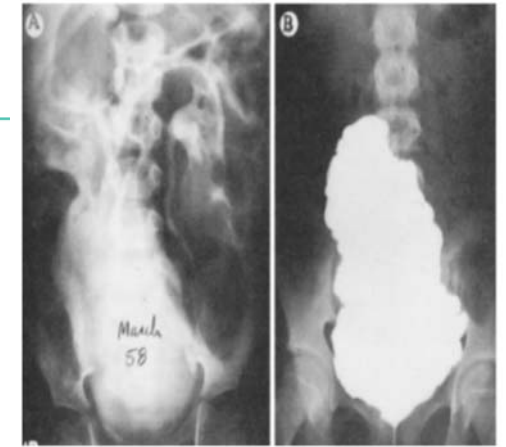


FIG. 2. Excretory urogram in an 11-year-old girl showing a distended thick-walled bladder with dilated upper urinary tracts (From [17] reproduced with permission).

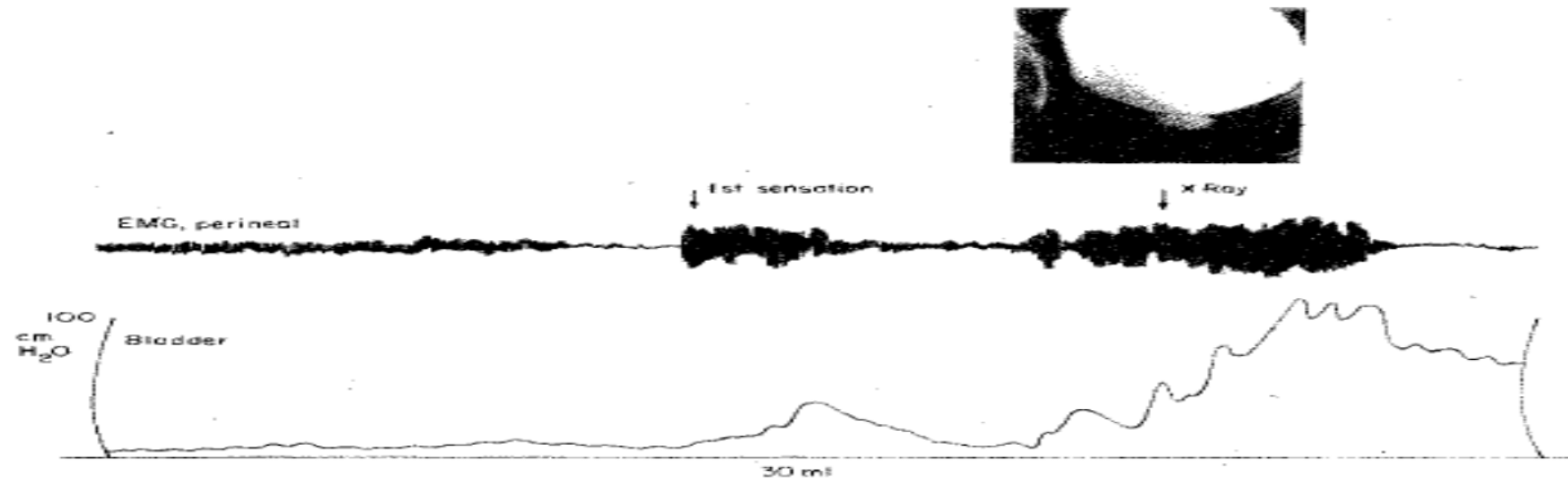


URODYNAMIC STUDIES IN ENURESIS AND THE NONNEUROGENIC NEUROGENIC BLADDER

E. J. MCGUIRE AND J. A. SAVASTANO

From the Divisions of Urology, University of Michigan, Ann Arbor, Michigan, and Yale University, New Haven, Connecticut

55 olgu (13 NNNB)



MESANE FONKSİYONUNDAKİ BOZULMALARIN SEBEBİ
ANİ KONTRAKSİYONLAR

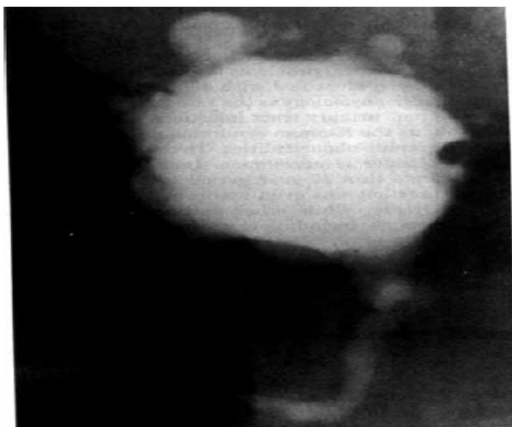
THE NONNEUROGENIC NEUROGENIC BLADDER OF EARLY INFANCY

V. R. JAYANTHI, A. E. KHOURY, G. A. McLORIE AND S. K. AGARWAL

From the Section of Pediatric Urology, Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio, and Division of Urology, Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, Ontario, Canada



- 7 infant vaka
- 3 vaka prenatal tanılı
- Bütün olgulara vezikostomi
3 düzelmiş
3 olgu augmentasyon (2 CRI)
1 olgu TAK



CONCLUSIONS

Our series demonstrates that nonneurogenic neurogenic bladder may be present in the neonatal period, when it is potentially more severe than in more typical older children with the Hinman syndrome. If conservative measures fail, temporary diversion may allow anatomical and neurological pathways to normalize.

THE RELATIONSHIP AMONG DYSFUNCTIONAL ELIMINATION SYNDROMES, PRIMARY VESICoureTERAL REFLUX AND URINARY TRACT INFECTIONS IN CHILDREN

STEPHEN A. KOFF, THEODORE T. WAGNER AND V. R. JAYANTHI

From the Ohio State University Medical School and Children's Hospital, Columbus, Ohio

TABLE 1. *The most prominent pattern of dysfunctional elimination in 66 of 143 children with primary reflux*

	No. Pts. (%)
Bladder instability	18 (27)
Infrequent voiding	15 (23)
Constipation	33 (50)



DES..... REFLÜSÜ OLAN BÜTÜN OLGULARDA DEĞERLENDİRİLMELİ

ICSS,2014

The Standardization of Terminology of Lower Urinary Tract Function in Children and Adolescents: Update Report from the Standardization Committee of the International Children's Continence Society

Paul F. Austin,^{*,†} Stuart B. Bauer, Wendy Bower, Janet Chase, Israel Franco,[‡] Piet Hoebeke, Søren Rittig, Johan Vande Walle,[§] Alexander von Gontard, Anne Wright,^{||} Stephen S. Yang and Tryggve Nevéus

BLADDER BOWEL DİSFONKSİYONU



HİNMAN BU GRUP İÇİNDE EN AĞIR FORMDUR

NNNB DES,BBS

Ochoa (Urofacial) Sendromu

Rekürren UTİ
Mesanenin kötü boşalması
Kazanılmış mesane sfinkter
disfonksiyonu
Mesane dekompenzasyonu ve
inkontinans
Barsak disfonksiyonu

Otozomal
resesif geçiş
(10.kromozom)

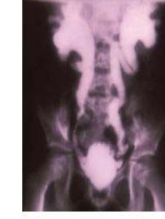
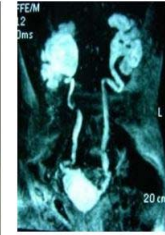
+



Yüz kaslarının
ganglionları pontin
işeme merkezine
yakın yerleşmiştir



Ochoa Syndrome Urofacial Syndrome



HİNNMAN SENDROMU

- ✓ Aşağı üriner sistemdeki fonksiyon bozukluğunun ağır bir şeklidir
- ✓ Mesanede dolma fazında ani kontraksiyonlar enuresise neden olur
- ✓ External sfinkterin kontrakte olur, işeme eretelenmeye çalışılır
- ✓ Bu aynı zamanda anal sfinkteride etkileyerek barsakta fekal retansiyona neden olur (DES)



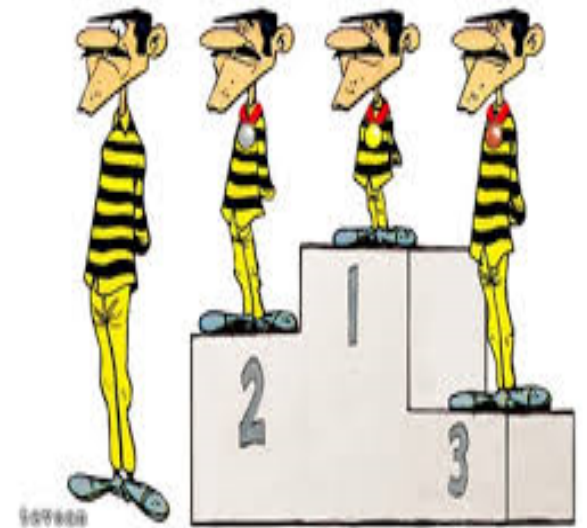
*Koff SA, J Urol ,1019,1996
Combs AJ, J Urol,1015, 2013*

TANI

- Klinik
- Radyolojik
- Ürodinami

RADYOLOJİ

- USG
- ADBG
- KONTRASTLI KOLON GRAFİFSİ
- SİSTOÜRETROGRAFI
- MRI



ÜRODİNAMİ

- İdrar kültürü steril olmalı
- Sıcaklık 21-37 C , SF
- İnfüzyon hızı beklenen kapasitenin % 10 ml/ dk fazla olmamalı
- İki siklus yapılmalı



AAM-DSD

Basınç-Akım Çalışması rapor

AKKAYA, ZEYNEP

Cinsiyet: Bayan
Doğum tarihi: 01.01.2003
Hastane numarası: 1713041

Test tarihi: 17.02.2010
Hastane: Erciyes Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi Üroloji AD.
Refere eden: DR. NUMAN BAYDILLI



Test notu

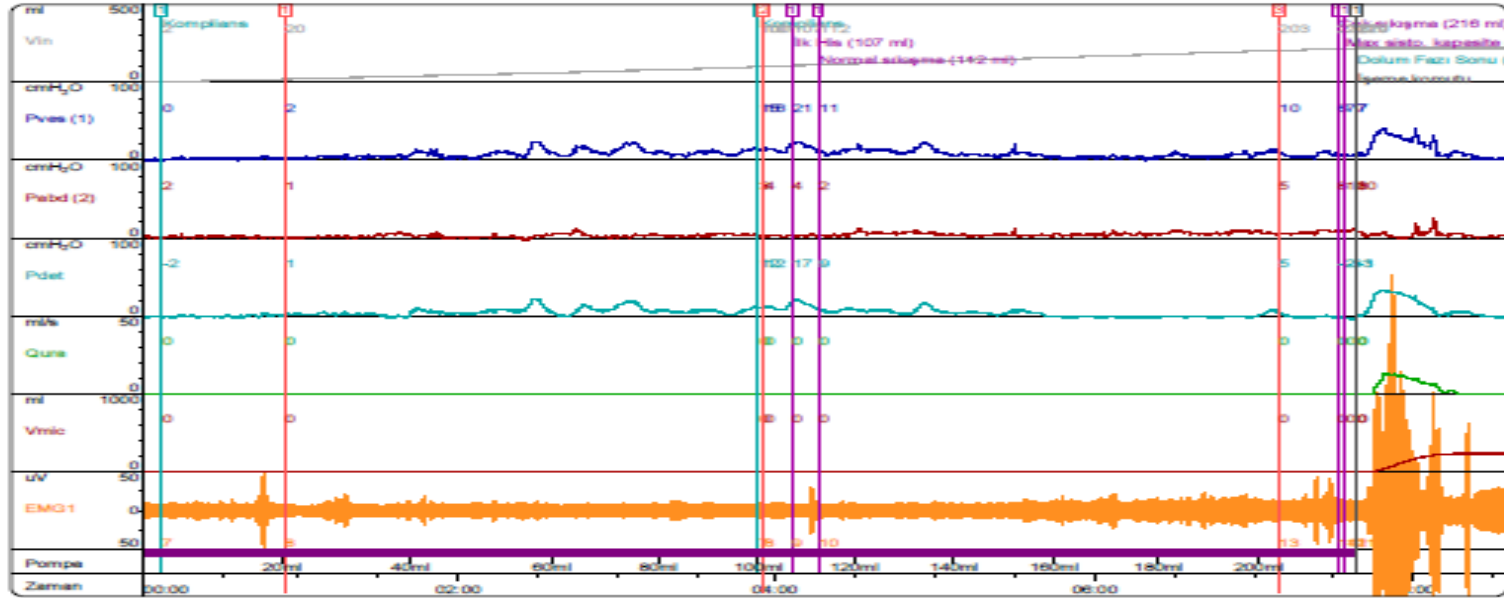
Hastanın idrar kesesi 20ml/dk hızla sf ile doldurulmaya başlandı.

- ilk his: 80 ml
- normal sıkışma: 113 ml
- max kapasite: 220 ml

Hasta qmax 13ml/sn hızla rezidüsüz olarak işedi.

Ama hastanın detrisör sfinkter disinerjisi bariz olarak gözlemlendi.....

dr_numan baydilli



AAM + DSD

Basınç-Akım Çalışması rapor

bayram, sudenaz

Cinsiyet: Bayan
Doğum tarihi: 01.01.2015
Hastane numarası: 1111

Test tarihi: 12.04.2017
Hastane: Erciyes Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi Üroloji AD.
Refere eden: Boş



Test notu

ÜRODİNAMİ RAPORU

SUDENAZ BAYRAM 2.5 YAS KIZ TEL=05496968556

GÜNDE 1 DEFA İDRAR YAPIYOR İDRARINI ZOR YAPIYOR

SEDASYON ANESTEZİ ALTINDA 20 ML/DK HIZLA SF İLE MESANE DOLDURULMAYA

BAŞLANDI. BELİRGİN DSD AKTİVİTESİ GÖZLENDİ. İŞLEM 180 ML DE SONLANDIRILARAK

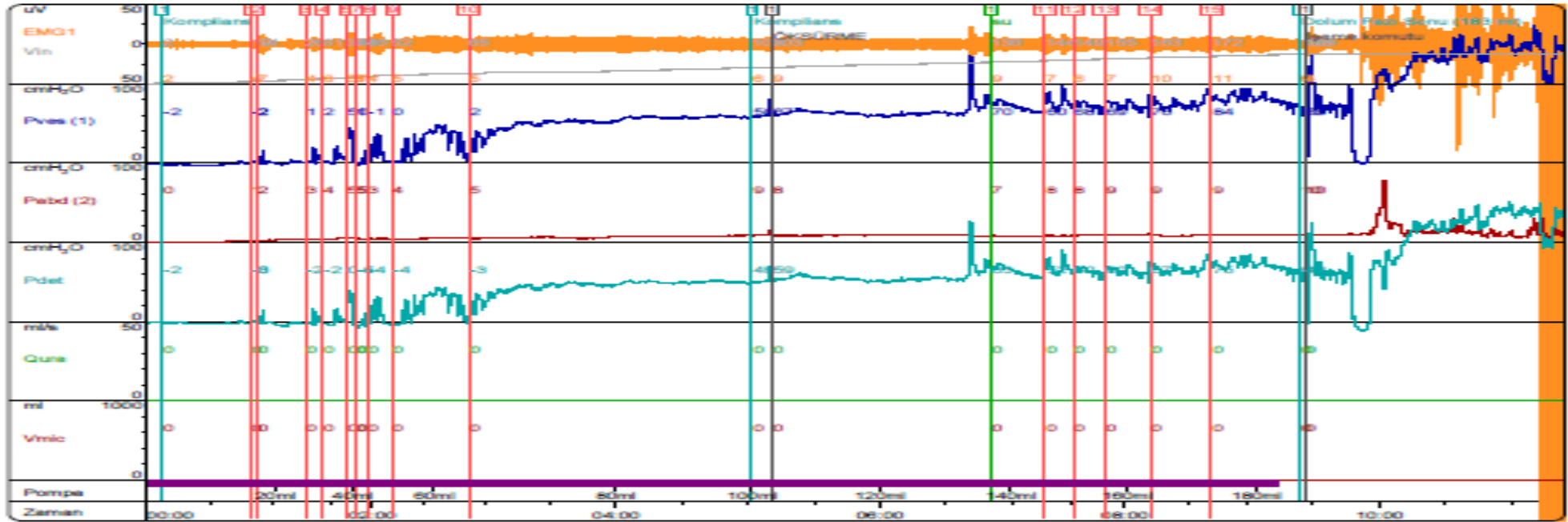
SUPRAPUBİK SOĞUK SU İLE İSEME PROVAKE EDİLDİ. P DET=143 CM/H2O YA KADAR

YÜKSEKLİĞİNE RAĞMEN İŞEME OLMADI. KATETERLER ÇIKARILDIKTAN SONRA DA

İSEME OLMADI VE SONUNDA NELATON İLE MESANE BOSALTILDI.

PROF.DR.DENİZ DEMİRCİ

ÖGR GÖR DR NUMAN BAYDILLI



DSD ERKEK

Basınç-Akım Çalışması rapor

ARASLAN, CENGİZHAN

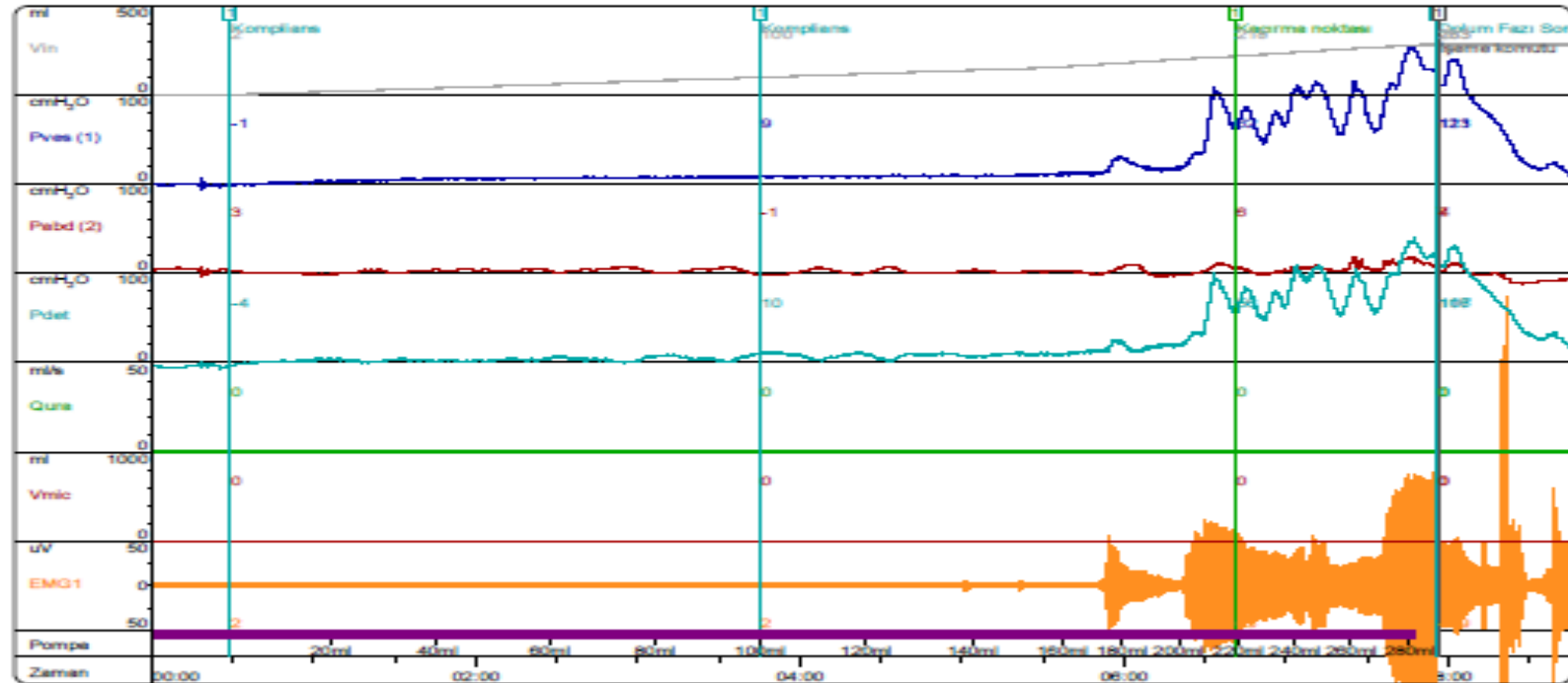
Cinsiyet: Bay
Doğum tarihi: 01.01.2001
Hastane numarası: 1112490

Test tarihi: 15.12.2008
Hastane: Erciyes Üniversitesi Tıp Fakültesi Üroloji AD.
Referans eden: DR. EMRE CAN AKINSAL

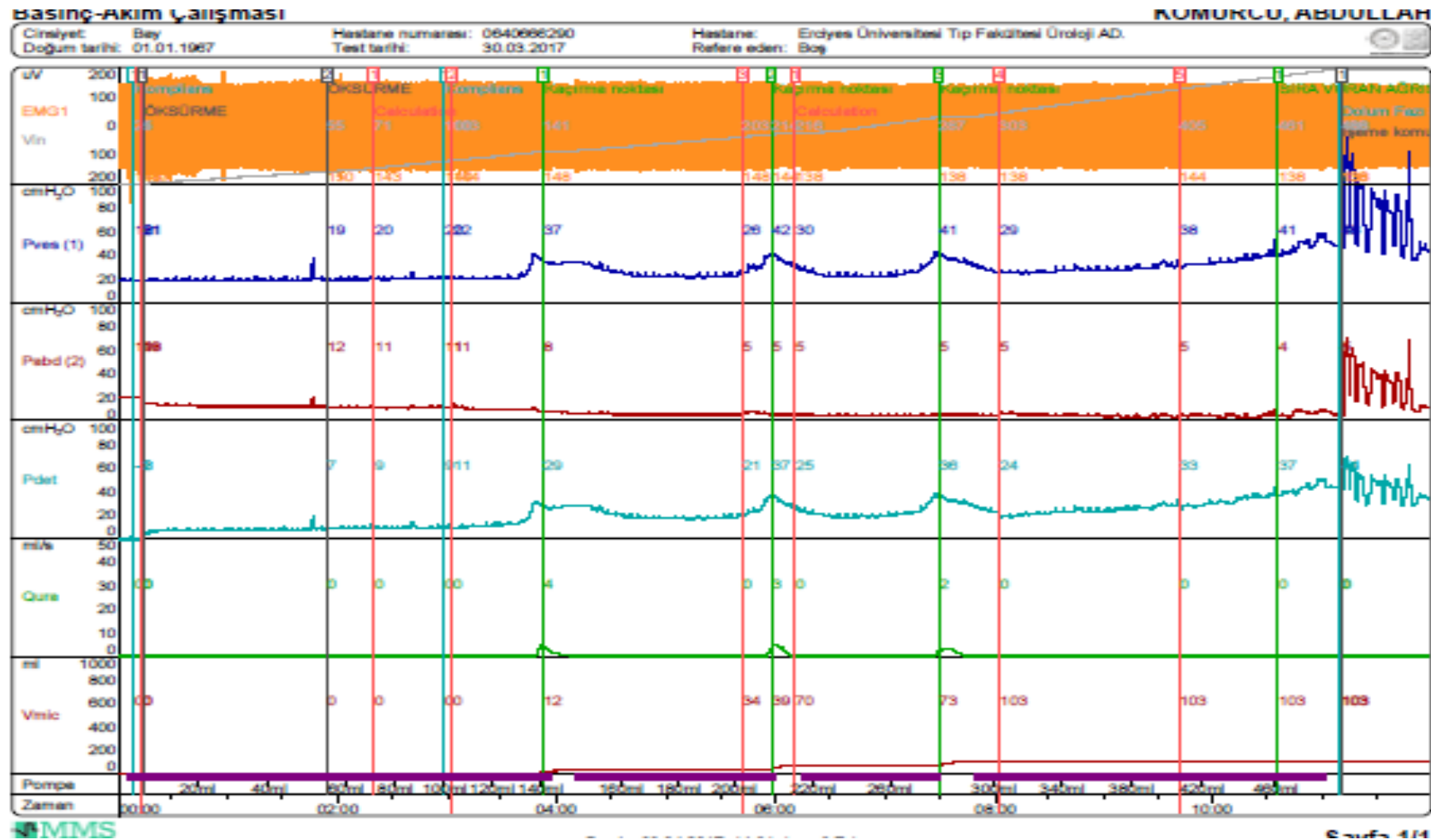


Test notu

6 F ÜRETRAL KATATERLE 20 ML/DK HIZLA DOLDURULDU. 218 MLDE BİR MİKTAR İDRAR KAÇIRDI 283 ML DE TAMAMEN İŞEDİ



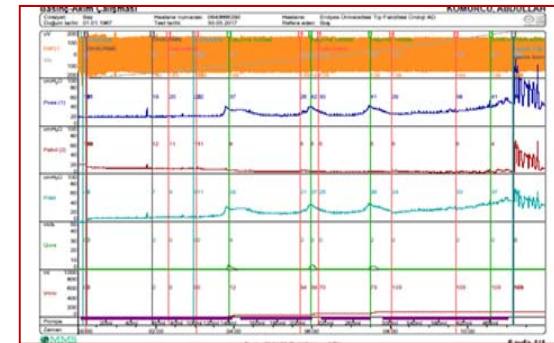
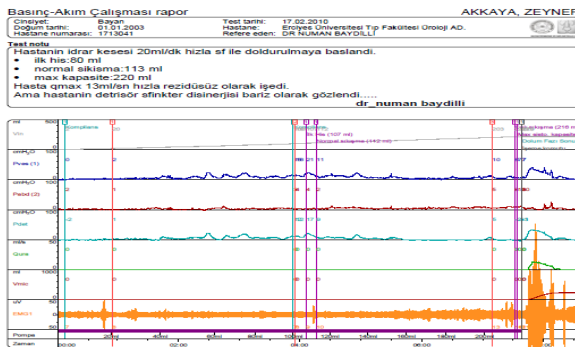
MİYOJENİK HASAR



HİNNMAN (NNNB)

Difonsiyonel eliminasyon sepektrumunun en ağır formudur

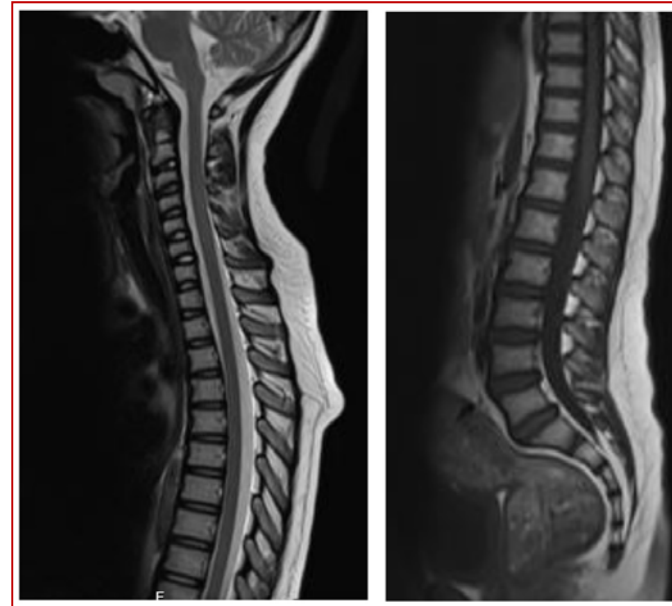
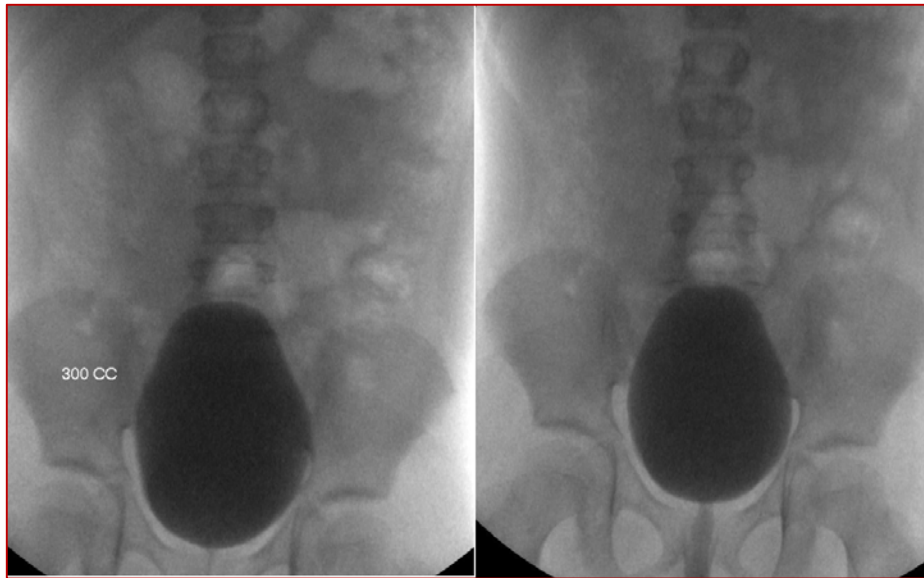
- vesikostomi
- mesane ogmentasyonu-mitrofanoff
- renal transplantasyon



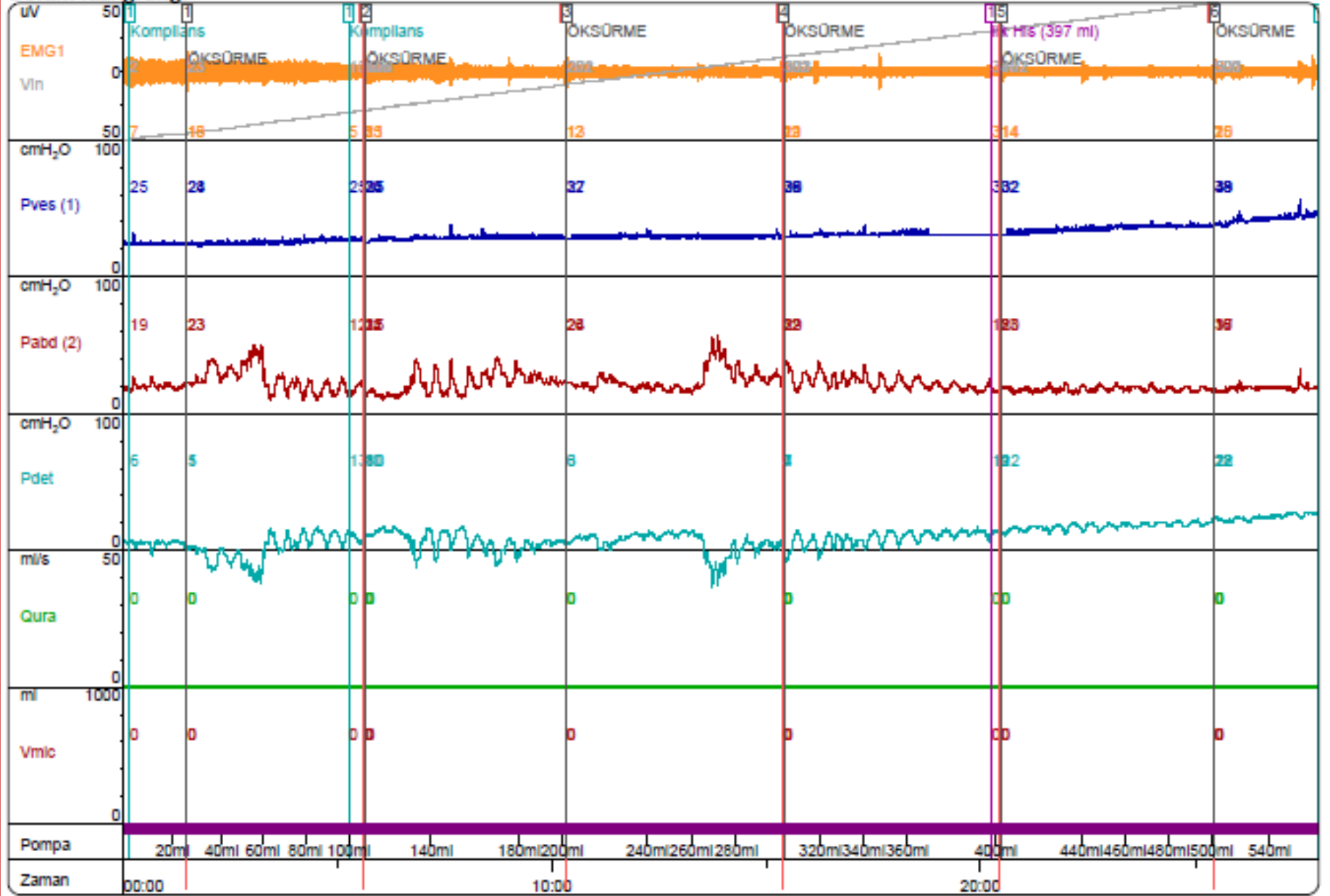
OLGU SUNUMU

- E.Y. 11 yaş, kız
- Şikayet; İdrar kaçırma gündüz haberi olmuyor,
- Hikaye; 5 yaşından itibaren by şikayeti var Antikolinerjik tedv + biofeedback yapılmış. Fayda yok Konstipasyon yok

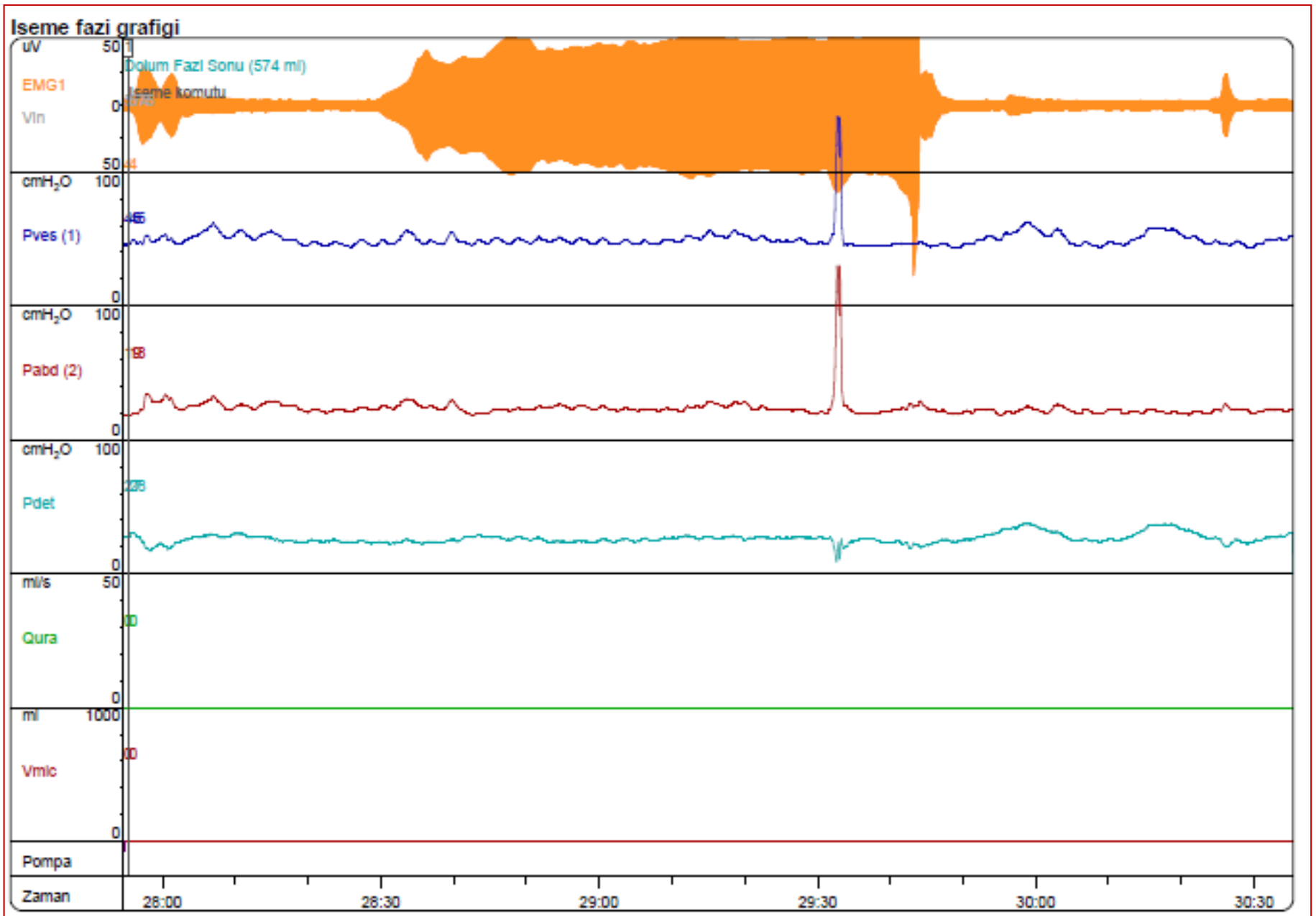
VSUG-MRI 2015



Dolum fazi grafigi

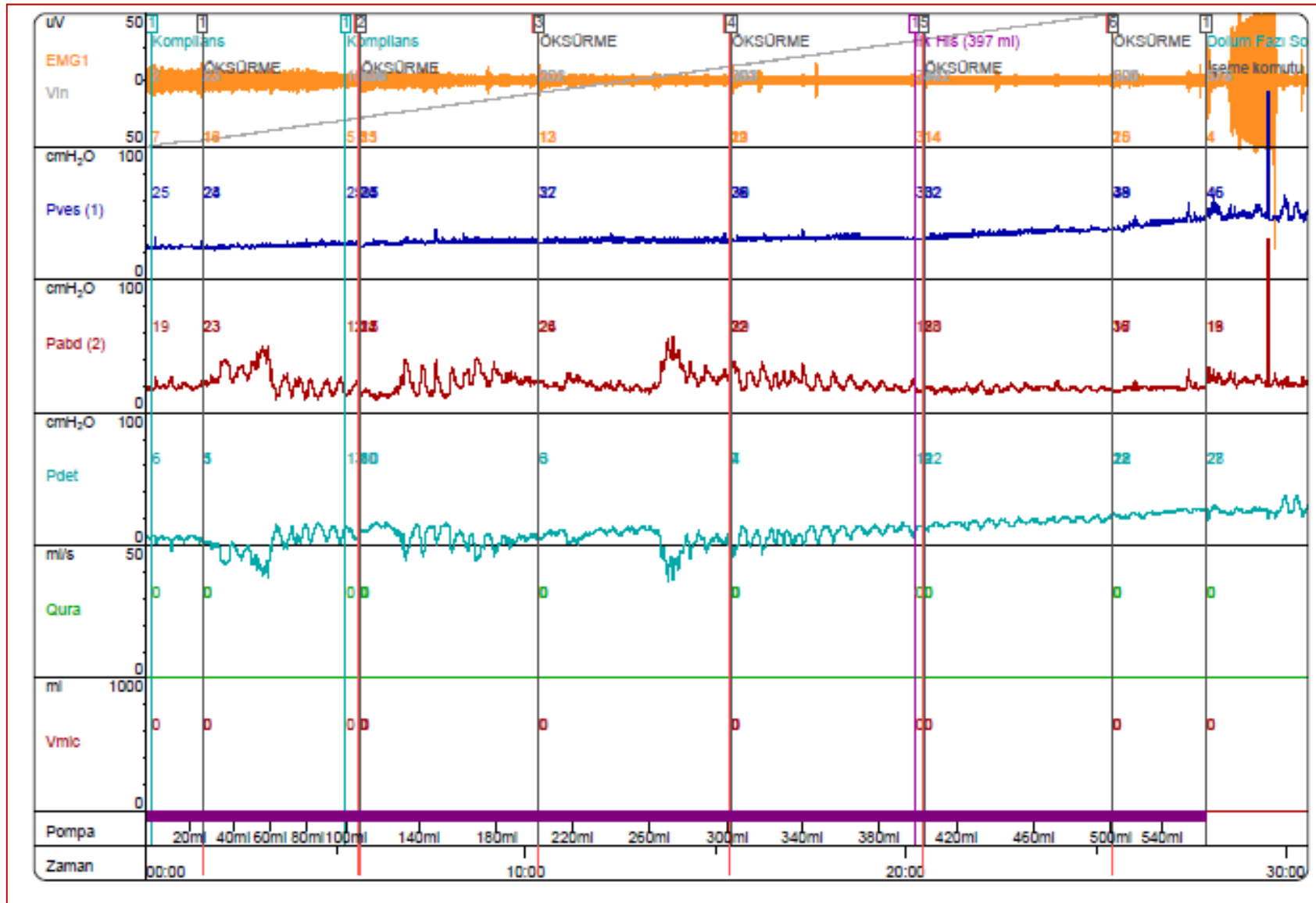


Dolum fazi; abdomen fasikülasyonları



İşeme fazi; EMG aktivitesi

İşeme olmadı, sıkışıklık hissetmedi. Dolum Fazi 574 ml de sonlandırılarak işeme komutu verildi. İdrar yapamayan hastaya serbest üroflow yapıldı. İşeme olmadı.



Dolum hızı= 20ml/dk,
Vücut sıcaklığında serum fizyolojik, uyanık, oryante, oturma pozisyon
İlk His= 397 ml Maksimum dolum= 574 ml



HİNMAN-TEDAVİ

- Üroterapi
- Farmakoterapi
- TAK
- Biofeedback
- Botolonium toxin enjeksiyonu
- Nöromodulasyon
- Vezikostomi
- Ögmentasyon sistoplasti

